BEFORE THE POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD
STATE OF WASHINGTON

DYAD CONSTRUCTION, INC.

Appellant,

PCHB Nos. 88-87 & 88-88

V.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, DEPARTMENT
OF ECOLOGY,

Respondent.

This is an appeal of Notices and Orders of Civil Penalties

This is an appeal of Notices and Orders of Civil Penalties issued by the Washington State Department of Ecology to Dyad Construction,

Inc., for alleged violations of the Emission Testing Process (Motor Vehicle Emission Control) RCW 70.120.

A formal hearing was held on March 27, 1989 at the King County Courthouse, Seattle, Washington. Board members Wick Dufford, Chairman; Judith A. Bendor, Member; and Harold S. Zimmerman, Presiding; were present. Appellant Dyad Construction, Inc., was represented by Jon D. Egge, Vice-president of Dyad. Respondent

F No 9928-OS-6-67

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Department of Ecology was represented by Laurie Sillers Halvorson,
Assistant Attorney General. The proceedings were recorded by a
reporter with Gene Barker and Associates.

Opening statements were made. Witnesses were sworn and testified. Exhibits were admitted. From the testimony, exhibits and contention of the parties, the Board makes these

# FINDINGS OF FACT

Ι

On December 4, 1987, Mr. Jon Egge, Vice-President of Dyad Construction, Inc., completed out-of-area emission exemption statements for two vehicles owned by Dyad, whose offices are located at 19404 Woodinville/Snchomish Road, Woodinville, Washington 98072.

ΙI

The emission exemption statements applied to vehicles with license number LX2612 and license number LL6625. These vehicles were registered at Dyad's Woodinville address which is within the emission test area.

#### III

Mr. Egge's statement regarding vehicle licensed LX2612 said it was now garaged at 9525 - 183rd Place NE, Arlington, Washington, 98229, and would be garaged and operated outside the emission test area until December 31, 1988. Regarding vehicle licensed LL625, Mr. Egge stated it was now garaged at 40427 NE 60th, Snoqualmie,

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Washington, 98065, and would be garaged and operated outside the emission test area until December 31, 1988.

IV

Based on information in the statements, on December 8, 1987, Dyad was granted exemptions from the emissions testing process for vehicle licensed LX2612 and vehicle licensed LL6625.

V

On January 27, 1988, Department of Ecology employees Elaine
Cubbins and Carol Knudson, during routine surveillance conducted by
them, observed vehicle licensed LX2612 and vehicle licensed LL6625 at
Dyad's Woodinville address. Ecology records indicated neither vehicle
had completed the emission testing process at the time of observation.

VI

On June 3, 1986, Department of Ecology issued Order No. DE 88-130 to complete the emission testing process, regarding vehicle LL6625; issued Penalty No. DE 88-131 for \$250 pursuant to WAC 173-422-175 regarding vehicle LL6625; issued Order No. DE 88-128 to complete the emission testing process regarding vehicle LX2612; and issued Penalty No. DE 88-129 for \$250 pursuant to WAC 173-422-175, regarding vehicle LX2612.

VII

Dyad appealed the four penalties and orders to the Pollution Control Hearings Board. An application for relief from the orders,

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filed on the Department June 17, 1988, was denied prior to the appeal to this Board.

### VIII

On December 6, 1988, Mr. Egge of Dyad again completed an out-of-area emissions exemption statement for vehicle licensed LX2612. In that statement, Mr. Egge stated that vehicle LX2612 was now garaged at 3575 Bell Beach Road, Langley, Washington. In December 1988, Dyad Construction, Inc., completed the inspection process for vehicle LL6625.

# IX

Jon Egge, Vice-President of Dyad Construction, Inc., told the Board in person that he did not dispute the information brought before the Board. He verbally expressed his opinion that he had not done anything illegal. He said he feels he did not violate the intent of the emissions testing program because the employees to whom the vehicles were assigned lived and worked outside the emission test area. The vehicles were garaged outside the area and in most of their operation performed outside the emission test area. He expressed the opinion that whereas the exempted vehicles in question may enter the emission control area on an occasional basis, like many other vehicles from other areas, he does not believe this violates the law as intended.

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Any Conclusion of Law deemed to be a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such. From these Findings of Fact, the Board makes these CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

I

The Pollution Control Hearings Board has jurisdiction over these issues and these parties under RCW 43.21B.

ΙI

Chapter 70.120 RCW governs motor vehicle emission control and ch. 173-422 WAC implements that statute. The authority granted to Ecology under ch. 70.120 RCW supplements Ecology's authority under ch. 70.94 RCW. RCW 70.120.130. RCW 70.120.040(4) directs Ecology to administer a motor vehicle emission inspection program for all motor vehicles registered within emission contributing areas. An emission contributing area is an area where motor vehicles contribute significantly to motor vehicle related air quality standards in a noncompliance area. RCW 70.120.040(2). Parts of the cities of Seattle, Bellevue, and Spokane are noncompliance areas for carbon monoxide. WAC 173-422-040. The central Puget Sound basin is a noncompliance area for ozone. WAC 173-422-040.

III

Motor vehicle emission inspections are an important tool in

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reducing air pollution:

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Motor vehicles are the primary emitters of carbon monoxide and emit significant quantities of hydrocarbons and oxides of nitrogen. Emission controls required by the federal government are designed to reduce motor vehicle related air pollution. However, the effectiveness of these controls is substantially reduced through deterioration, maladjustment, and tampering. Motor vehicle emission inspection serves to identify high polluting vehicles and to reduce emissions when such can be accomplished at reasonable cost. These rules establish the emission standards, testing procedures, and associated activities necessary to implement a program of air pollution prevention and control involving motor vehicle emission inspection. WAC 173-422-010.

ΙV

All motor vehicles not exempt under WAC 173-422-170 which are registered within the boundaries of an emission contributing area as listed in WAC 173-422-050 are subject to the emission inspection requirements of ch. 173-422 WAC. WAC 173-422-030. WAC 173-422-050 defines emission contributing areas in the Puget Sound and Spokane regions by zip code. The zip code 98072 is within the Puget Sound emission contributing area and the emission inspection program applies to that zip code. WAC 173-422-050.

v

WAC 173-422-170 provides that certain vehicles are exempt from inspection requirements. WAC 173-422-170(10)(a) states:

Vehicles garaged and operated out of the emission contributing area and not returning prior to six months following the registration renewal date, may be

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ī.  exempted provided the registered owner/authorized agent provides a signed statement which includes:

- (i) The registered owner's name and address.
- (11) The vehicle license number.
- (iii) A statement that the vehicle is now garaged and operated outside the emission contributing area and will not be returning to the emission contributing area prior to six months following the registration renewal date. (emphasis added)

VI

Because Dyad's zip code is within an emission contributing area, Dyad must either complete the emission inspection process for vehicles it owns or comply with exemption procedures. To comply with the WAC 173-422-170(10)(a) exemption, the vehicle involved must be garaged and operated outside of an emission contributing area and not return before six months following the registration renewal date. Dyad did not comply with these requirements. Therefore, Dyad was subject to penalty under WAC 173-422-175 and subject to order under RCW 70.94.332.

### VII

Ecology ordered a simple and inexpensive remedy; Dyad was to complete the inspection process for vehicles LX2612 and LL625. Dyad now has completed the inspection process for vehicle LL625, albeit one year late, thus complying with Order No. DE 88-130. However, Dyad has not completed the inspection process for vehicle LX2612. Instead, it has chosen to remove the vehicle permanently from the emission test area.

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### VIII

The purpose of civil penalties is to promote compliance with the law. Noncompliance has been corrected, a year after the infractions. There was no evidence that the company has engaged in a pattern of further violations. Accordingly, we believe that the intended educational function of these penalties has been served.

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Any Finding of Fact deemed to be a Conclusion of Law is hereby adopted as such. From these Conclusions of Law, the Board enters this

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# ORDER

Notices and Orders of Civil Penalties No. DE 88-129 and DE 88-131 are AFFIRMED, with \$100 suspended from each penalty, provided that during the next two year(s), appellant does not violate any air pollution laws or regulations in the State of Washington.

DONE this 15th day of hay , 1989.

POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD

HARCLD S. ZIMMERMAN, Presiding

WICK DUFFORD, Chairman

JUDITH A. BENDOR, Member

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